Malaria
State, Foreign Operations Appropriations Bill
U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID)
Title III
Funded through Global Health Programs

What is the Malaria account?
Malaria is the world’s deadliest mosquito-borne illness. As the largest donor to the global malaria fight, the U.S. government’s efforts are led through the President’s Malaria Initiative (PMI), which is co-implemented with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and supported by other government agencies. The PMI supports malaria prevention, control, treatment, and elimination activities in 27 countries throughout Sub-Saharan Africa and Southeast Asia.

What do the funds support?
• Development of malaria vaccines, antimalarial drugs, diagnostics, new insecticide-based tools, and malaria-related research.
• Procurement and delivery of insecticides, insecticide-treated bed nets, and insecticide-spraying in homes.
• Social and behavior change activities, operational research, health systems strengthening, training for health workers, and data-related initiatives focusing on monitoring and evaluation to optimize program impact.

Foreign Aid Delivers
PMI, in conjunction with other partners, has helped save 11.7 million lives and prevented more than two billion malaria infections. Since 2006, there has been a 45.6% decline in malaria death rates in countries where PMI works. In FY2022 alone, PMI benefitted more than 700 million people through preventative treatments for children and pregnant women, including the provision of bed nets, indoor residual spraying, malaria medicines, and rapid diagnostic tests.

Funding History
Funding levels may not accurately reflect those in the appropriations bills and/or reports due to rounding.