Global Health Programs

FY2027 Recommendation
No less than
$1.2 Billion
FY2027 President's Request
N/A
FY2026 Enacted
$1.15 Billion

What is the Global Health Programs Account?

U.S. global health assistance delivers clear results: healthier families, stronger communities, fewer crises and saved lives. For more than two decades, U.S. investments have saved millions of lives, prevented the spread of disease, strengthened local health systems and reduced health threats to Americans.

Building on the success of the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief and longstanding U.S. leadership, the America First Global Health Strategy supports partner countries in leading their own health development, reflected in more than 15 memorandums of understanding. The State Department is also leveraging new technologies and partnerships to deliver life-saving medicines and supplies more efficiently.

Under PEPFAR, the United States will begin distributing a highly effective, twice-yearly HIV prevention injection, in 8 to 12 high-burden countries in 2026, working with American companies and partner governments. This approach saves lives while reducing long-term dependence on U.S. assistance.

U.S. leadership has also accelerated the rollout of new malaria vaccines. More than 20 countries began offering the vaccines last year, and by late 2025 more than 39 million doses had reached communities, protecting millions of children.

These examples underscore the high return on U.S. global health investments. By combating infectious diseases, strengthening health systems and leveraging innovation and partnerships, the Global Health Programs account saves lives and protects the American people.

What Global Health Funds Support

- The President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief, a cornerstone of U.S. global health leadership.
- Malaria prevention, testing and treatment to reduce illness and deaths.
- Maternal and child health programs to end preventable deaths.
- Tuberculosis screening, treatment and prevention.
- Training and retention of health workers to build resilient health systems and emergency response capacity.
- Global health security efforts to prevent, detect and respond to emerging infectious disease threats.
- Programs to control and eliminate neglected tropical diseases.
- Nutrition programs focused on the first 1,000 days from pregnancy through early childhood.
- Contributions to the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria and Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance.